1. - ACCESS TO THE JUSTICE. 1990-2005 the current neglects to the standards of human rights have their origin in the imposition of the international financial organisms and of the donating community that you/they conditioned the economic help to reformations radicals in the organization of the administration of justice.

The imposition of the setting in practice at one time record of the New Penal Code and of Penal Procedure, they presupposed the professional domain of the matters on the part of the official and private operators of the system of justice, as well as the provisioning technician-material and the creation and development of the necessary knowledge. Such budgets were not properly insured. This explains the deficit of resources technician-materials in the institutions that integrate the system, the non execution of the human resources, technician-materials of each one of the institutions that integrate the system in a certain jurisdiction.

The political decision by the donors of putting before into practice a new model of judicial office and the implementation of the codes this without the due forecast, it resulted in a deficit in the quality and in the access to the justice, visible in the lack of specialization of tribunals in reason of the matter (childhood and adolescence, labor, family) as well as the insufficient preparation of those and the officials that must administer the new model's of judicial office implementation and the nascent normative bodies.

The genius of the leaders and collaborators of the institutions that integrate the system of justice made possible that the hasty decision and the donors' non professional and the governments of the periods 1990-2005, it didn't cause the collapse of the system of justice. This National Institution is not satisfied with the acting of the National Council of Administration and given Judicial Career its lack of belligerency. It is a serious deficit the one that this important instance of the judicial power doesn't work, mainly when Nicaragua using for the first time a new model of judicial office, a new penal code and a new code of penal procedure is newly. But still when the accusations are not scare in our institution for officials' of the judicial power corruption.

2. - AGREEMENT OIT 169, INDIGENOUS AND TRIBAL TOWNS IN INDEPENDENT COUNTRIES". In the year 1987 the parliament from Nicaragua approved the Law 28 Statute of Autonomy of the Regions of the Atlantic Costa of Nicaragua in the one that for the first time, for that he makes to the American Continent, the establishment of a novel and revolutionary legal status was promulgated for the indigenous towns and communities African-American descendants of Nicaragua, recognizing the State of Nicaragua, the human rights of these towns and communities for the first time. This law of the Republic allows the right of miskitos possession, mayagnas or sumos, ramas, creoles, garifonas and mestizos, on its ancestral lands and to the usufruct on the same ones; right to speak and to be educated in their maternal languages; to be given and to live under their own forms of autonomous governments as much in the North as in South inside the territorial unit and politics of the State of Nicaragua.

The current educational program for the Autonomous Regions of the Caribbean of Nicaragua, is product of the process of popular consultation carried out by the Ministry of Public Education inside the formulation of the current program of the National Educational System. It is until the year Two Thousand Two that is approved the Law 445 Law of Régime of the Communal Property of the Indigenous Communities and Ethnic Communities of the Atlantic Costa and of the rivers Bocay, Coco and Indio Maiz", inspired by the Law of Autonomy that gives form and materiality at Law 28 in what refers to earth
possession, I didn't seize to the political autogobernability, because this has been explicitly recognized in the Law 28.
In the last four years it has been titled nine indigenous territories with a territorial extension of Ten a Thousand Two hundred Ten square kilometers with Sixty Eight square meters, equivalent halfway the territory of our neighboring Republic of El Salvador, benefitting a population of Fifty Three a thousand Five hundred Eighty inhabitants of one hundred twenty one communities.

3. - WATER. This National Institution considers that the water besides being a liquid to satiate the thirst and the hygiene is the first and main food of those and the Nicaraguan ones and consequently it constitutes its first human right.
To beginning of the decade of the ninety, this human right dogmatically qualified as resource of the Nicaraguan State, it was privatized in favor of mercantile corporate private companies and rushed to the laws of the market.
Starting from the year 2006 the State of Nicaragua is executing actions interested to make effective the domain of the State on the water, by means of acts of effective regulation, administration of the water according to the necessities, investment to enlarge the infrastructure from the service to communities abandoned by the previous administrations.

4. - FEEDING. Starting from the year 2006 the right to the feeding has been blissfully a priority of the State of Nicaragua, just as the Special Teller it has recognized it on the Right to the Feeding of the Council of human rights, Mr. Olivier Schutter who “welcomes with approval the commitment of the Government of the Republic of Nicaragua subscribed in the law 693 Law of Sovereignty in its preliminary report and Security would Feed and Nutritional". He declared “This way to be very impressed with the Government's different initiatives to improve the alimentary security mainly with formulation of the strategy national “Hambre Cero". He also “welcomed with pleasure the invigoration of the storage capacities on the part of the National Company of Basic Foods."

5. - HEALTH. This National Institution goes with a lot of satisfaction the reestablishment from the right to the gratuitous health for those and the effective Nicaraguans starting from the year 1979 until the year 1990, moment in that it was privatized and reestablished its gratuitousness again in a year 2006, becoming this way a human right in roads of universal satisfaction for all and all the Nicaraguans.
Nevertheless, to the date we see as a setback as regards human rights the one that the therapeutic abortion has been penalized with the recent approval of the law 603 of the year two thousand six that derogated the article 165 of the effective previous penal code from the year 1837. With the current repeal and their sanction complement in the new legislation, it has put on end to a clinical practice that constitutes a collective human right of the society and particularly of the Nicaraguan women.
Although we should recognize that the obstetric protocols of the Ministry of Public Health allow some intervention space and to weigh that these they are not entailable to the effective penal legislation, the recent sanction has produced a negative impact in the incidence like cause of death and it has subjected the medical personnel and in general to the workers of the health, of the national and private system, to inhibitions and sometimes paralysis in its performance fearing the juridical consequences.
This National Institution, it has recommended the President of the Constitutional Room of the Supreme Court of Justice the reestablishment of the article 165 of the old penal code in attention to the Resource of Help that presented our Institution January of the year fifteen two thousand seven to that honorable courtroom.

6. - WORTHY, COMFORTABLE AND SURE HOUSING. The State of Nicaragua has recognized constitutionally this right and starting from the year two thousand six impel programs guided to satisfy the human right to the housing. This National Institution greets the construction of more than four thousand popular housings, it calculates that it overcomes the results taken place by the administrations of the three previous periods. To palliate the effects of the global economic crisis and to be able to impact positively in the deficit of housings of social interest, we do with good eyes that the State of Nicaragua has distributed in these last four years until more than half million of sheets of zinc and accessories allowing to fifty thousand families to repair the roof of its homes. Of equal it forms us it pleases the execution of the program Improving my house through small non lucrative credits directed to more harmed families that they get with this to enlarge and /o to improve their housings.

7. - EARTH. In the decade of the eighty the Agrarian Reformation was developed that was able to put Two Million Hectares in hands of hundred twenty thousand rural families agglutinated in different organization forms and also in hands of individual producers. In the decade of the ninety the rulers applied different political confiscatory that were, from denying the credit to the peasants, until snatch them their lands, everything in complicity with the national financial system, the judicial system and using the forces of the public order and the National Army, reconstructing in good part the pattern of holding of the effective earth up to 1979. The above-mentioned gave an unstable and volatile structure of property as a result, product of the artificial insecurity and of the abuse of the power. The result of such a setback had the unavoidable negative impact in the production it would feed and the hunger arrived. At the moment Nicaragua lives a moment of stability in the holding of the earth with alone the decision off braking the acts of corruption, avoiding that the massive spoil of the earth of the peasants continues, but well the State of Nicaragua has advanced starting from the year two thousand six, and it is so the conflicts of property of two hundred forty three properties they have been solved benefitting directly to four thousand seven hundred seventy two families. It has also been titled thirty and nine thousand fourteen properties in the last three years, the Special Teller of the Right to the Feeding (Nicaragua 2009) it was able to verify in situ this process and he/she suggested to accelerate it.

8. - EDUCATION. It was singular the fact that Nicaragua in the year 1981 Territory Free of Illiteracy has been declared", achievement obtained during the aggression war and the strong economic blockade of the administrations of Ronald Reagan and George Bush for nine serial years. During the decade of the ninety and first five year period of both thousand, the education was privatized and in consequence the cup of illiteracy grew in such way that the country lost its “liberation" status ending up producing a regression and to register for the year 2005 an index of 20.07% of illiteracy.
Starting from the year 2006 the human right to the education in Nicaragua was privileged through a second National Campaign of Literacy developed amid the suspension of the economic cooperation of the European Union and of the Government from the United States, both for eminently political reasons. However, the current literacy campaign culminated with the certification of the UNESCO for second occasion, in less than thirty years, declaring Nicaragua territory free of illiteracy this time to have reduced the illiteracy from 22% to 3.58%.

At the moment it is implemented in the National System of Education, programs that point so much to the increase of the registration like the school retention. In a special way we must greet the restitution of the gratuitousness of the Teaching" (effective in the decade of the eighties at the ninety) and the elimination of the school autonomy this last, perverse model through which the right was privatized to the education in the period from 1990 to the 2005.

9. - CIVIC SECURITY. In the decade of the ninety the shift Governments reduced the budget dramatically to the National Police and parallel they authorized bound investors to the shift governments, the creation of private companies of security, transforming the population's security into merchandise.

Starting from the year 2006 the National Police has begun the recovery of its philosophy of origin of the years eighty, basing its effectiveness on the relationship Police-community, acting under Community Police's pattern, Proactive. This recovery of its community identity has allowed that in spite of the privatization phenomenon happened in the ninety and the deterioration in its budget for fifteen serial years, besides the decomposition social product of the current world economic crisis; continue assuring that Nicaragua is one of the surest countries in Latin America.

With everything and the advances before described, the physical conditions of the cells of preventive detention should be overcome in the country. Particularly referring to the accusations for presumed violations to the human rights, it is the National Police the denounced institution, that which is explained by the frequency of their permanent relationship with the life of those and the citizens and their institutions, however, is also the institution of the State that reports the highest figure in rectification, repair and sanction to the verified transgressions.

10. - PRIVATE OF FREEDOM. Nicaragua in the years eighty pass from a prison regime to the conception of Penitentiary System with progressive régime. Under this conception it is founded the Penitentiary School for the officials and you would work of the Penitentiary System of the country. Parallel the pattern of Progression of Regime Open model is implemented that allowed the production of foods for the consumption of the private ones and of the officials. Under this same conception shops of several occupations were created that allowed to form labor to the private of freedom and to facilitate their insert to the economic activity when finishing their condemnation, being created companies of production of goods and services that it allowed to the private ones to maintain the economic entrance to their families recovering the dignity of the work. It was enlarged and it improved the conditions of the jails and new penitentiary centers were built, among them the only center prison for women with own model for the women.
In the decade of the ninety and first five year period of both thousand, the state closed the School of officials' of the Penitentiary System Formation, it eliminated the pattern of Progression of Open Régime, it privatized the companies of production of goods and services of the years eighty, causing an unforgivable setback in the standards of so much enjoyment of human rights for the penal population, its families and the officials of the penitentiary systems and its families. Inevitably and in an automatic way the deterioration of quality of the interns' life took place so much physical as spiritual and mentally.

At the moment the deficit as regards space physique is extraordinary, the infrastructure for the private of freedom besides being the same one for twenty-five years is insufficient. The current investment of more than C$ twenty-six millions, although it has improved the conditions of women and adolescents and contributed to the maintenance of facilities, it is insufficient so much for that it makes to the construction of new facilities, to the maintenance of the current ones and the insurance of the feeding quality, possibilities of family coexistence and opportune medical attention. Wounding of objective character exists to the exercise of the human rights enjoyed by the penal population in the decade of the eighty that is only being shoveled by the important behavior change in the relationship of the private ones of freedom and the officials and you would work of the Penitentiary System.

11. - SOCIAL SECURITY. In the decade of the eighties the security social was a of public character. In the ninety they privatized the attention in health and they tried to privatize the system of pensions, the practices of corruption were also increased; setbacks that we complain. At the moment the government works model's change in it offers of improving the financial position of the system of pensions, this National Institution greets the decision, at the same time that the costs that have had to pay the beneficiaries because of model's transition in human rights complain.

12. - SEXUAL DIVERSITY. Advance: Repeal of the article 204 of the Penal Code and approval of the Articles that penalize the discrimination for reasons of sexual orientation. Resolution ministerial number has been approved 249-2009 that it guides to the system of health it publishes and private to offer to the population lesbicogay, gay, bisexual, transgener, transsexual and intersexo, attention of humanized health. Nevertheless, discrimination persists in the access to the worthy work, education free of prejudices, access to the justice and the recognition to the gender identity.

13. - ELECTRIC POWER. For that it makes to the generation, distribution and commercialization, during the years ninety such processes were privatized in favor of national and international corporations in way it doesn't reveal and openly claimed, delegating their execution in a corporation transnational monopolist and leaving it to the will of their owners who got the concessions starting from not discreet tips (bonuses) to officials of the Nicaraguan State, that which allowed them to fix arbitrary rates and to deny the access from the majorities to this service, with the complicity of the stimulated officials' omission.

Starting from the year 2006 the Nicaraguan State its participation in the administration of the production, generation, commercialization and distribution of the electric power, being placed under better conditions to assure the access of all and all the users. Likewise the
Nicaraguan State reactivated the operation of the instances and normative mechanisms and regulatory of the generation processes, commercialization and distribution of the energy in the country, in the consumer's average economic benefit.